

INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION

How did the Industrial Revolution change society?

Important Vocabulary

- engineering:** using science and maths to design and build things
- factory:** a building where people and/or machines make things, usually in large amounts
- industry:** all the businesses and factories that make goods or provide services
- innovation:** a new and creative idea, method or tool that makes life easier or better
- invention:** a brand-new thing someone creates, like the first phone or the light bulb
- labour:** hard, physical work or the workers who do the job
- pollution:** things added to the air, water or land that damage the environment
- steam engine:** a machine that uses steam to make things move
- transportation:** the way people or goods are moved from one place to another
- urbanisation:** when more and more people move to towns and cities to live and work

Important People

Sarah Guppy



Inventor. The first woman to patent a bridge.

John Snow



Physician. Proved cholera was spread by contaminated water.

Isambard Kingdom Brunel



Engineer. Considered one of the most ingenious in history.

Sarah Chapman



Factory worker. Played a leading role in the organisation of the 1888 matchgirls' strike.

Important Events

